DISCLOSURE UNDER CAPITAL ADEQUACY FRAMEWORK OF NRB (BASEL II) As on 30 Aswin 2076 (17 October, 2019)

1. CAPITAL STRUCTURE & CAPITAL ADEQUACY

i. Core Capital (Tier I)

(NRs. '000')

Par	ticulars	Amount
Α	Paid-up Equity Share Capital	
		2,540,195
В	Share Premium	-
C	Statutory General Reserve	338,868
D	Proposed Bonus Equity Share	-
E	Retained Earnings	
		510,818
F	Accumulated Profit/(Loss)	(38,292)
G	Capital Adjustment Reserve	-
Н	Debenture Redemption Reserve	-
I	Other Free Reserve	-
J	Less: Deferred Tax Assets	17,343
K	Less: Purchase of land & building in excess of limit and unutilized	10,046
Tot	al Core Capital (Tier I)	3,324,200

ii. Supplementary Capital (Tier II)

(NRs. '000')

Par	ticulars	Amount
A	Subordinate Term Debt	-
В	General Loan Loss Provision	261,460
С	Investment Adjustment Reserve	66,606
D	Exchange Equalization Reserve	2
Tot	al Supplementary Capital (Tier II)	328,068

iii. Information about Subordinate Term Debt

The bank does not have any subordinated Term Debts

iv. Deduction Form Capital

(NRs. '000')

Particulars	Amount
Deferred Tax Assets	17,343
Purchase of land & building in excess of limit and unutilized	10,046
Total	27,389

v. Total Qualifying Capital

(NRs. '000')

Particulars	Amount
Total Core Capital (Tier I)	3,324,200
Total Supplementary Capital (Tier II)	328,068
Total Capital Fund (Tier I + Tier II)	3,652,268

vi. Capital Adequacy Ratio (NRs. '000') Capital Adequacy Ratio (Percentage) 15.75%

vii. Summary of the bank's internal approach to assess the adequacy of capital to support current and future activities

The bank considers the capital adequacy requirement pursuant to the provision set by NRB. The tier 1 capital ratio of the bank as at Ashad 2076 is 14.34% and the total capital ratio is 15.75%. The bank has successfully achieved the paid up capital requirement of NRB, which is 2.5 billion. The capital adequacy is major factor that is considered in the bank's annual meeting, daily financial analysis and during ALCO meeting and Risk Management Committee meetings. The bank in its strategic planning cautiously considers the capital adequacy and projects capital adequacy required for the organization's growth.

2. Risk Exposure

i. Risk Weighted Exposure for Credit Risk, Market Risk and Operational Risk (NRs. '000')

Part	iculars	Amount
A	Risk Weighted Exposure for Credit Risk	21,996,477
В	Risk Weighted Exposure for Operational Risk	1,186,216
С	Risk Weighted Exposure for Market Risk	2,373
D	Add: 2% of the total RWE as per NRB Direction	-
E	Add: 2% of the Gross Income as per NRB Direction	-
Tota	ll Risk Weighted Exposure (A+B+C+D+E)	23,185,066

ii. Risk Weighted Exposure under each 11 Categories of Credit Risk (NRs. '000')

S.No.	Categories	Amount
A	Balance Sheet Exposures	21,730,731
1	Claims on Government and Central Bank	-
2	Claims on Other Official Entities	-
3	Claims on Banks	776,028
4	Claims on Corporate and Securities Entities	4,343,938
5	Claims on Regulatory Retail Portfolio (Not overdue)	8,392,173
6	Claims Secured by Residential Properties	1,408,417
7	Claims Secured by Residential Properties (Overdue)	404,839
8	Claims Secured by Commercial Real Estate	259,635
9	Past Due Claims	545,374
10	High Risk Claims	3,670,122
11	Lending against securities (shares and bonds)	138,225
12	Investments in equity and other capital instruments of institutions listed in stock exchange	539,833
13	Investments in equity and other capital instruments of institutions not listed in the stock exchange	202,519
14	Other Assets	1,049,628
В	Off- Balance Sheet Exposures	265,746
1	Bid Bond, Performance Bond and Counter guarantee domestic	58,610
	counterparty	
2	Irrevocable Credit commitments (short term)	207,136
Total ((A+B)	21,996,477

iii. Amount of Non Performing Assets (Gross and Net Amount)

(NRs. '000')

Partic	ulars	Gross Amount	Provision	Net Amount
A	Restructured	-	-	-
В	Sub-standard	285,622	71,405	214,216
C	Doubtful	58,866	29,433	29,433
D	Loss	69,827	69,827	-
Total		414,315	170,665	243,649

iv. Non Performing Assets (NPA) Ratios

NPA Ratios	Percentage (%)
Gross NPA to Gross Advances	1.87%
Net NPA to Net Advances	1.12%

v. Movement of Non-Performing Assets

(NRs. '000')

S.No.	Particulars	Opening Balance (Ashad End 2076)	Closing Balance (Aswin end 2076)	Movement
Non-P	erforming Loan			
1	Restructured Loan	-	•	-
2	Sub-standard	80,976	285,622	204,646
3	Doubtful	61,041	58,866	(2,175)
4	Loss	44,508	69,827	25,319

vi. Write Off Of Loans and Interest Suspense

Nil

vii. Movement Of Loan Loss Provision

(NRs. '000')

S.No.	Particulars	Opening	Closing Balance	Movement
		Balance (Ashad	(Aswin end	
		End 2076)	2076)	
1	Pass	199,336	206,333	6,997
2	Watchlist	13,893	55,127	41,234
3	Restructure	-	-	-
4	Sub-standard	20,244	71,405	51,161
5	Doubtful	30,520	29,433	(1,087)
6	Loss	44,508	69,827	25,319
Total Loan Loss Provision		308,501	432,125	123,624

viii. Details of Additional Loan Loss Provision

(NRs. '000')

S.No.	Particulars	Ashad End 2076
1	Pass	6,997
2	Watchlist	41,234
3	Restructure	-
4	Sub-standard	51,161
5	Doubtful	(1,087)
6	Loss	25,319
Total		123,624

ix. Segregation of the Bank's Investment portfolio

Investments are segregated as per NRB Directive.

• Investment held for Trading : -

■ Investment held to Maturity: 586,671,279

■ Investment Available for Sales (Cost): 674,845,104

3. Risk Management Function

i. Strategies and Policies

Risk management strategies and policies are paramount to mitigating risks that are faced by banks. In addition to maintaining adequate capital, the responsibility of the bank also lies in maintaining a balance between risk and return. Therefore, effective risk management is a must for sustainability of banks. Apart from the business credit department, a separate credit risk department has been formulated, and senior level staff has been handed the responsibility of ensuring that the risk management guidelines are properly placed and executed. Regarding operation risk, operation risk management policy has been formulated and effective channels are being formed to ensure that the policies are thoroughly followed. The Asset Liability Committee looks after the market risk and meetings are held periodically to ensure that the bank takes proper decisions based on the market situations.

ii. The Structure and Organization of the Relevant Risk Management Function

A senior level staff has been appointed who is responsible to ensure that the credit risk are identified and mitigated. In operation, AML/CFT unit has been created and an experienced senior level manager has been appointed as compliance officer, who also looks after the operation risk. Customization is under process to develop system/software to ensure AML/CFT and other operation risks are identified and necessary actions taken. The ALCO looks after the market risk. The Asset Liability committee has members from different department and therefore identification of risk and mitigating actions are decided right promptly. Apart from this, risk management committee, consisting of board members dully considers the situations and issues of risks faced by bank and further provide directions to reduce and mitigate risks.

iii. The Scope and Nature of Risk Reporting and / or Measurement Systems

The risk identified from credit, operation and market risk department are further discussed in management meetings, ALCO meetings and are placed before the risk management committee. The internal audit department also reviews the risk at every level and reports to the audit committee. Recently, whistle blowing policy has also been formulated to ensure that the risk are timely identified and mitigated.